

KENYA JUNIOR SCHOOL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT**2026****SOCIAL STUDIES****Prediction 3****907 Time: 1 hour 30 minutes 100 marks**

Name

Assessment number

School

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Answer all questions in Sections A and B.
2. Section A carries 20 marks. Choose one answer from A, B, C and D for each question. Shade the corresponding circle on the answer sheet using an HB pencil.
3. Section B carries 80 marks. Write answers in the spaces provided.
4. Use a ruler for the map question. Show your working for distance calculations.
5. Print this paper on A4 at 100% actual size.

Sketch maps and diagrams are not drawn to scale unless a scale is given.

SECTION A (20 marks)

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

1. A learner enjoys finding and conserving objects left by past communities. Which career best matches this interest?

- A. Archaeologist
- B. Electrical technician
- C. Meteorologist
- D. Veterinary surgeon

2. A learner interested in law, history and governance seeks a suitable senior school pathway. Which is the best match?

- A. Aviation training
- B. Arts and Sports Science
- C. Social Sciences
- D. Mechanical production

3. Which finding most directly supports the view that early human ancestors lived in Africa?

- A. Extensive coastal beaches
- B. Very old hominin fossils
- C. A modern railway station
- D. A large artificial reservoir

4. A map key contains symbols for hills, rivers, farms and buildings. Which type of map is most suitable for showing all these features together?

- A. Political map only
- B. World time-zone map
- C. Ocean-current map
- D. Topographical map

5. A Kenyan craft cooperative sells traditional beadwork at an overseas exhibition. What does this demonstrate?

- A. Restriction of all foreign trade
- B. Movement of a national border
- C. Replacement of all local traditions
- D. International exchange of cultural products

6. Two learners disagree over equipment. They invite a neutral classmate to guide their discussion without imposing a decision. Which method is used?

- A. Litigation
- B. Mediation
- C. Violence
- D. Avoidance

7. An ancient Egyptian farmer uses a shadoof beside the Nile. What is the farmer mainly doing?

- A. Measuring flood deposits
- B. Transporting stones to a pyramid
- C. Lifting water for irrigation
- D. Grinding grain into flour

8. After failing to win a debate, a learner asks for feedback and practises again. Which quality does this response show?

- A. Resilience
- B. Dependence on praise only
- C. Intolerance
- D. Dishonesty

9. Learners interview residents after completing a waste-collection project. Why is this useful?

- A. It helps evaluate whether the project met the community's needs.
- B. It proves every resident has the same opinion.
- C. It replaces safe disposal of collected waste.
- D. It guarantees an examination prize.

10. A researcher wants accounts of a community's migration passed down through generations. Which source should be used first?

- A. A daily temperature chart
- B. A current bus timetable
- C. Oral traditions from knowledgeable elders
- D. A mineral sample

SECTION A (continued)

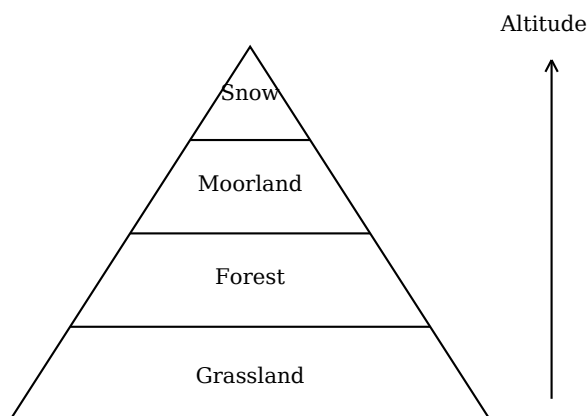
11. A nurse moves from a city to settle and work in a rural health centre within the same country. This is

- A. rural-to-urban migration.
- B. rural-to-rural migration.
- C. international migration.
- D. urban-to-rural migration.

12. On a map with a scale of 1 : 100 000, two trading centres are 4 cm apart. What is their straight-line ground distance?

- A. 4 km
- B. 40 km
- C. 400 km
- D. 0.4 km

13. The diagram shows vegetation belts on a high East African mountain. Which condition mainly explains the change towards the summit?



- A. All soils become more fertile with altitude.
- B. Temperature increases steadily with altitude.
- C. Temperature generally decreases with altitude.
- D. Air pressure remains unchanged with altitude.

14. Which activity releases carbon dioxide while also reducing the number of trees that can absorb it?

- A. Planting trees on bare land
- B. Protecting a forest reserve
- C. Clearing and burning woodland
- D. Restoring mangroves

15. A school builds an access ramp so learners using wheelchairs can enter the library. Which principle is demonstrated?

- A. Exclusion
- B. Favouritism
- C. Segregation
- D. Inclusion

16. A hydroelectric station at a large dam generates electricity using

- A. chemical energy stored in fish.
- B. energy from moving water turning turbines.
- C. salt dissolved in reservoir water.
- D. heat produced by burning the dam wall.

17. Early communities fitted small stone blades into wooden handles. What was a major advantage?

- A. They no longer needed to obtain food.
- B. All stone-working skills became unnecessary.
- C. Every tool became suitable for every task.
- D. They made more effective composite tools.

18. Which method counts the population of a country at a specified time?

- A. A rainfall survey
- B. A population census
- C. A passenger ticket register
- D. A household shopping list

19. According to the nebular theory, the solar system developed from

- A. a rotating cloud of gas and dust.
- B. the movement of continental plates.
- C. a collision between two modern planets only.
- D. erosion of a single mountain.

20. Citizens vote directly to approve or reject a proposed constitutional change. This vote is called

- A. a by-election.
- B. a referendum.
- C. a census.
- D. an opinion interview.

SECTION B (80 marks)

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

21. A dispute arises between two families over a shared water point. They agree to meet and discuss the problem peacefully.

Outline five communication practices that can help them reach an agreement. **(5 marks)**

22. Members of a class use a messaging group to organise learning activities.

State three ways they can maintain respectful relationships in the group. **(3 marks)**

23. A learner plans to train as a tour guide after school.

State three types of information the learner should obtain about a training course before enrolling. **(3 marks)**

24. A stranger contacts a learner online, asks for the learner's home address and requests a secret meeting.

State three actions the learner should take to remain safe. **(3 marks)**

25. A Social Studies club studies how the Senate supports devolved government in Kenya.

(a) (i) State the number of senators elected directly by registered voters in the counties. **(1 mark)**

(ii) State the territorial unit represented by each of these elected senators. **(1 mark)**

(b) Name the two presiding offices whose holders are elected by the Senate. **(2 marks)**

(c) Explain three roles of the Senate in protecting the interests of counties. **(6 marks)**

26. A group of Kenyans living abroad meets to discuss experiences in their host countries and links with Kenya.

(a) Outline four social challenges they may face in their host countries. **(4 marks)**

(b) Explain two ways their economic activities can support development in Kenya. **(4 marks)**

27. A regional organisation invests in better roads and railway connections between African trading centres.

State five ways these improvements can promote trade. **(5 marks)**

28. Learners organise an exhibition on the benefits of sharing Kenya's cultural heritage with other countries.

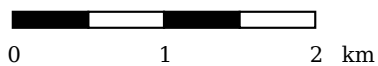
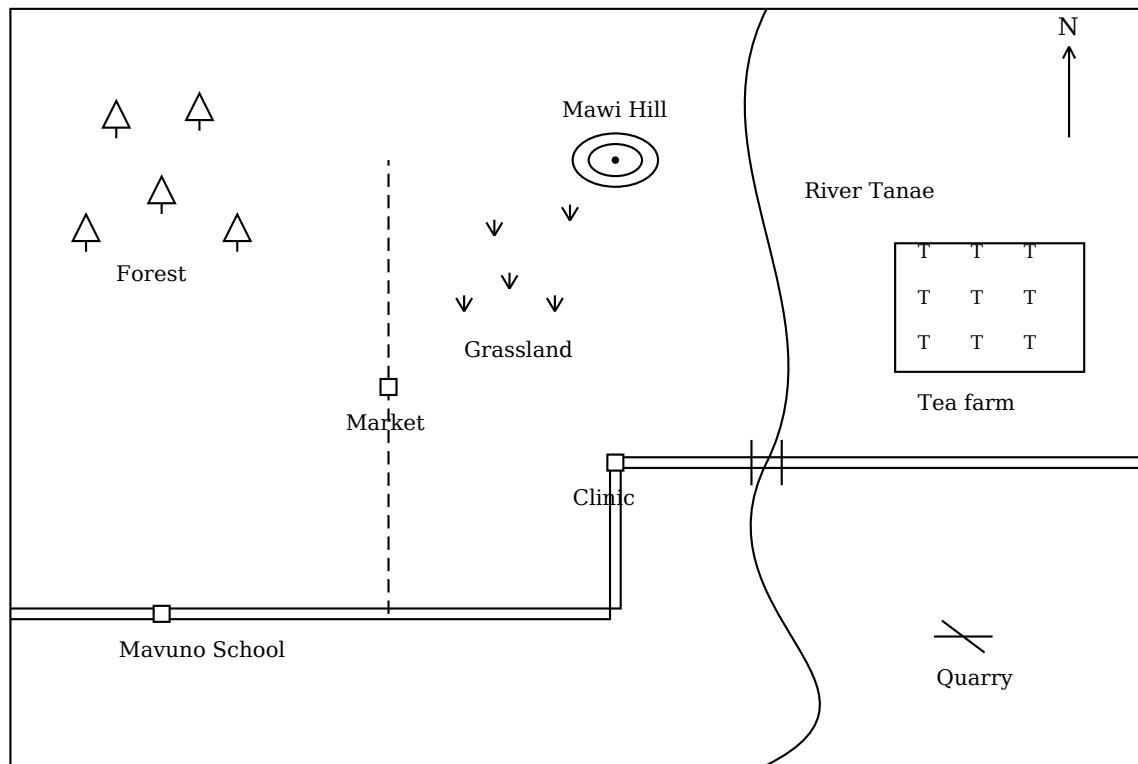
Outline five benefits that they can include in the exhibition. **(5 marks)**

29. A public committee is entrusted with allocating community resources fairly and reporting how the resources are used.

Identify five national values and principles of governance that should guide the committee. **(5 marks)**

30. Study the map of Mavuno area and answer the questions on the next page.

MAVUNO AREA



Scale 1 : 50 000

KEY Double line: all-weather road Broken line: dry-weather road
 Triangle with trunk: tree / forest Tufts: grassland T: tea
 Small square: building Curved single line: river

For distance measurement, follow the centre of the all-weather road between the centres of the building symbols. Use the printed scale or graphic scale.

30. (continued)

- (a) Identify the two types of natural vegetation shown on the map. **(2 marks)**
- (b) Measure the distance from Mavuno School to the clinic along the all-weather road. Calculate the ground distance in kilometres. **(2 marks)**
- (c) Identify four economic activities shown on the map. **(4 marks)**
- (d) Name the main form of transport serving Mavuno area. **(1 mark)**
- (e) Give the direction of Mawi Hill from the clinic. **(1 mark)**

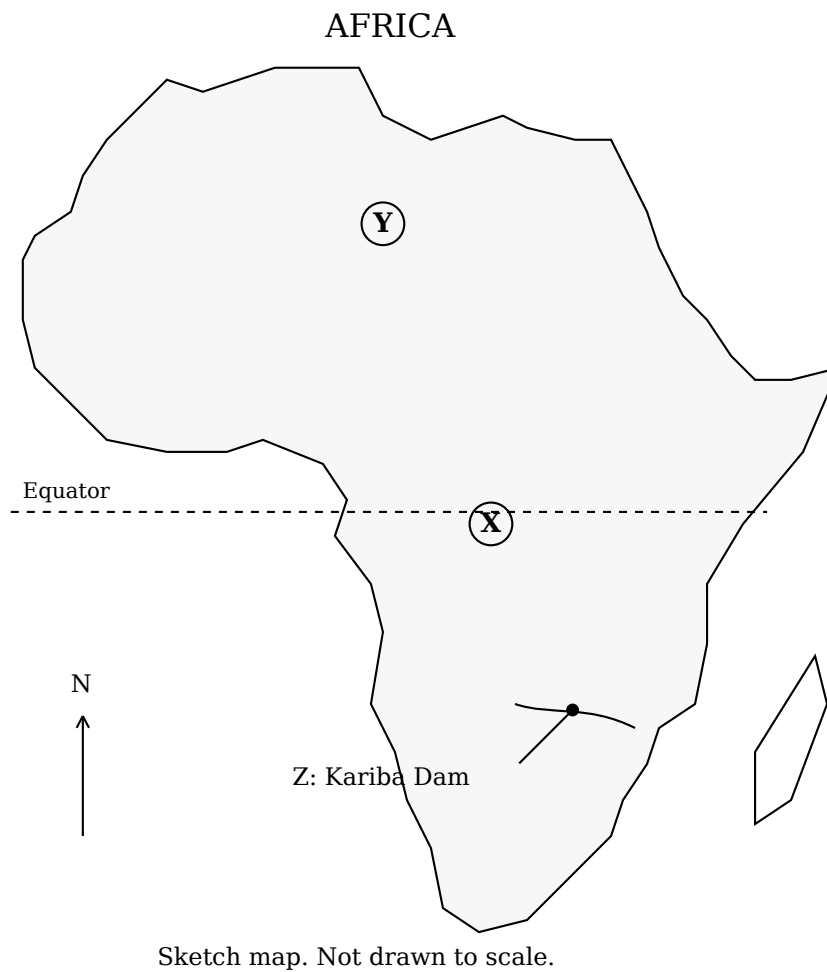
31. A settlement experiences prolonged flooding after exceptionally heavy rains.

State eight ways the flooding may affect the livelihoods and daily activities of the residents. **(8 marks)**

32. A dryland community notices bare ground and deep erosion channels around its grazing land.

Suggest five measures the community can take to restore and conserve the land. **(5 marks)**

33. Use the sketch map of Africa to answer the questions below.



- (a) Name the type of climate mainly experienced in the Congo Basin region marked X. **(1 mark)**
- (b) Explain one climatic reason for the sparse population in the Sahara region marked Y. **(2 marks)**
- (c) State two economic uses of the multipurpose project marked Z. **(2 marks)**

34. Colonial powers drew boundaries across Africa, often without considering the existing communities.

Outline five effects of these boundaries on African communities. **(5 marks)**

END OF EXAMINATION PAPER

SOCIAL STUDIES Prediction 3

MULTIPLE-CHOICE ANSWER SHEET

Name Assessment number

Shade one circle for each question.

1. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
2. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
3. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
4. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
5. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
6. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
7. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
8. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
9. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
10. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

11. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
12. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
13. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
14. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
15. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
16. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
17. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
18. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
19. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D
20. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D